QUIZ 14 OVERALL QUIZ 3 FINAL PREP

Match the graph to one of the following functions.

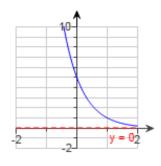
A.
$$y = 5^{X}$$
 B. $y = 5^{-X}$

C.
$$v = -5^{\circ}$$

C.
$$y = -5^{x}$$
 D. $y = -5^{-x}$

E.
$$y=5^{x}-1$$
 F. $y=5^{x-1}$ Reflects across y

H.
$$y = 1 - 5^{3}$$



2) Solve the following logarithmic equation.

$$log(2x+4) = 1 + log(x-7)$$

$$\log(2x + 4) - \log(x - 7) = 1$$

$$\frac{2x+4}{x-7} = 10^{1}$$
 cross multiply
$$10x-70=2x+4$$

$$6x = 74$$

$$x = \frac{37}{2}$$

Use the graph of the function f shown to the right to answer parts (a)-(n).

(a) Find f(- 14) and f(- 4).

Find y when x is -14

$$f(-4) =$$

Find y when x is -4

(b) Find f(12) and f(0).

$$f(0) = \frac{6}{3}$$

f(0) =

(c) Is f(4) positive or negative?



At x = 4 is the y value + or -

- Positive
- Negative
- (d) Is f(-4) positive or negative?



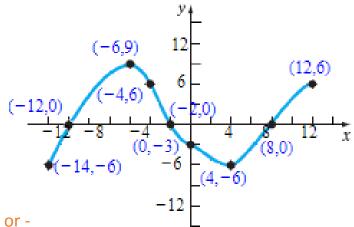
Positive

At x = -4 is the v value + or -

- Negative
- (e) For what value(s) of x is f(x) = 0?

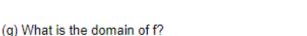
Look for the coordinates with (_____, 0)

(Use a comma to separate answers as needed.)



(f) For what values of x is f(x) > 0?

The intervals above the x-axis with end ≤





(h) What is the range of f?

The range of f is $\{y \mid -6 \le y \le 9\}$ Lowest and highest point (Type a compound inequality.)

- (i) What are the x-intercept(s)? Where the graph touches the x-axis
- (j) W $\frac{-12, -2, 8}{}$ t(s)? Where the graph touches the y-axis

y = -3

(Type an integer or a simplified fraction. Use a comma to separate answers as needed.)

- (k) How often does the line y = 1 intersect the graph?
- 3 times

If you draw a horizontal line at 1

(12.6)

- (I) How often does the line x = 2 intersect the graph?
- 1 times

If you draw a vertical line at

- (m) For what value(s) of x does f(x) = -6?
- x = -14 4

Give x where y is -6

coo a communication separate answers as needed.)

- (n) For what value(s) of x does f(x) = 9?
- x = -6

Give x where y is 9

(Use a comma to separate answers as needed.)

4) Solve the following equation.

$$\log_2(6x + 4) = 3$$

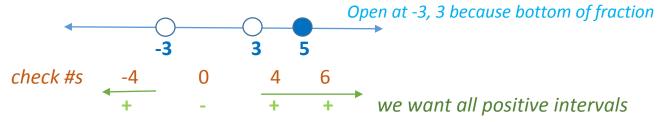
$$6x + 4 = 2^3$$

$$6x = 4$$

$$\mathbf{x} = \frac{2}{3}$$

5) Solve the inequality $\frac{(x-5)^2}{x^2-9} \ge 0$

*we check all the critical points on a number line x = -3, 3, 5



since 5 is solid and already included we don't need to make a new interval

$$(-\infty,-3)\cup(3,\infty)$$

6) Find the real solutions of the equation.

$$5(s+5)^2 - 39(s+5) = 8$$
 Let $u = s + 5$
 $5u^2 - 39u - 8 = 0$
 $u^2 - 39u - 40 = 0$ $s + 5 = 8$ $s + 5 = -\frac{1}{5}$
 $(u - \frac{40}{5})(u + 1) = 0$
 $u = 8, -\frac{1}{5}$ $s = 3, -5\frac{1}{5}$

7) Find the real solutions, if any, of the following equation. Use the quadratic formula.

$$2 - \frac{1}{x} - \frac{5}{x^2} = 0$$
 Multiply by x^2 first
$$2x^2 - x - 5 = \frac{does \ not \ factor}{\frac{1 \pm \sqrt{1 - 4 \cdot 2 \cdot (-5)}}{4}}$$
$$x = \frac{1 + \sqrt{41}}{4}, \frac{1 - \sqrt{41}}{4}$$

Starting with the graph of a basic function, graph the following function using the techniques of shifting, compressing, stretching, and/or reflecting. Find the domain and range of the function.

$$g(x) = 3(x-1)^2 + 4$$

Use the graphing tool to graph the equation.



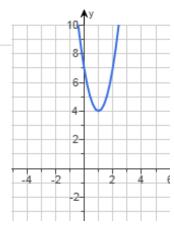
Plot the vertex using shifts

The domain of g(x) $(-\infty,\infty)$.

(Type your answer in interval notation.)

The range of g(x) [4, ∞).

(Type your answer in interval notation.)



9) Form a polynomial whose zeros and degree are given.

Zeros: - 4, multiplicity 1; 1, multiplicity 2; degree 3

$$(x+4)(x-1)^2$$

 $(x+4)(x^2-2x+1)$
 $x^3-2x^2+x+4x^2-8x+4$
 x^3+2x^2-7x+4

10) Find the domain of the following rational function.

$$F(x) = \frac{9x(x-8)}{2x^2 - 9x - 5}$$

Factor the bottom using slide and divide

$$2x^{2} - 9x - 5 = 0$$

$$x^{2} - 9x - 10 = 0$$

$$(x - 10)(x + 1) = 0$$

$$x - 2$$

$$x = 5, -\frac{1}{2}$$